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650 Town Center Drive, Suite 2000 Costa Mesa, California 92626-1925 Telephone: (714) 540-1235 Fax: (714) 755-8290 www.lw.com NEW YORK

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February 21, 2002

FILE NO. 026805-0001

VIA FEDEX

CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION DOCKET UNIT, MS-4 Attn: Docket No. 97-AFC-1C (C1) 1516 Ninth Street Sacramento, California 95814-5512

Re: Complaint of Gary Ledford on HDPP Water Issues

California Energy Commission Docket No. 97-AFC-1C (C1)

Dear Sir/ Madam:

Pursuant to California Energy Commission Siting Regulation §1209(c) and §1209.5, enclosed herewith for filing please find an original and twelve (12) copies of Respondent HDPP's Reply to Ledford Petition for Review of Committee Ruling; Respondent HDPP's Comments on Proposed Decision of the Committee.

Please note that the enclosed document was filed today via electronic transfer (email) to your attention.

Very truly yours,

Paul E. Kihm Senior Paralegal

Enclosure

cc: Michael J. Carroll, Esq. (w/ encl.)

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8		CONSERVATION AND DEVELOPMENT
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11	In the Matter Of:	97-AFC-1-1C (C1)
12	Complaint of Gary Ledford on High Desert Power Project Water Issues	RESPONDENT HDPP'S REPLY TO LEDFORD PETITION FOR REVIEW OF
13	rower Floject water issues	COMMITTEE RULING; RESPONDENT HDPP'S COMMENTS ON PROPOSED
14		DECISION OF THE COMMITTEE
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ATTORNEYS AT LAW ORANGE COUNTY

I. Summary

Respondent, High Desert Power Project, LLC ("HDPP"), hereby responds to Complainant's January 23, 2002 Petition for Review (the "Petition") of portions of the Committee's January 14, 2002 Ruling on the Pleadings (the "Committee Ruling"). In addition, HDPP hereby provides its comments on the proposed decision of the Committee issued on January 29, 2002 (the "Proposed Decision"). The Committee Ruling and Proposed Decision were issued following a prehearing conference held on January 14, 2002 in connection with a Complaint filed by Mr. Gary Ledford on October 11, 2001 alleging noncompliance with certain Conditions of Certification contained in the Commission's final decision on the High Desert Power Project (the "Project") (97-AFC-01).

II. Procedural Background

The Project is a 720-megawatt natural gas fired electrical power plant located at a site on the former George Air Force Base in the City of Victorville. Commission Decision, at 1. An application for certification of the Project was submitted to the Commission on June 30, 1997 and deemed complete on December 3, 1997. Id. at 5. In January of 1999, after one and a half years of review, the Commission staff issued its assessment of the Project. Id. at 7 Evidentiary hearings on the Project commenced in September of 1999 and extended over five days. Id. The Committee issued its proposed decision on the Project on December 15, 1999. Id. A public hearing on the proposed decision was held on January 27, 2000. Id. A sixth public evidentiary hearing was held on February 18, 2000, and a revised proposed decision was issued by the Committee on March 31, 2000. Id. The Commission adopted the revised proposed decision on May 3, 2000.

As approved, the Project will use State Water Project ("SWP") water for cooling and makeup water needs. The SWP water will be conveyed to the Project site via a 24-inch diameter, two and one-half mile long, pipeline (the "Northern Pipeline"), which would

All references herein to the "Commission Decision" are to the Commission Decision, Application for Certification for the High Desert Power Project, High Desert Power Project, LLC, Docket No. 97-AFC-1, May 2000.

interconnect with the Mojave River pipeline. The SWP water would either be used directly at 1 the power plant, or after treatment at the power plant's water treatment facility, be injected for 2 storage through series of wells located approximately six miles from the Project. Water would 3 be conveyed from the treatment plant to the well field by a six and one-half mile long pipeline 4 (the "Southern Pipeline"). The creation of the water bank will allow HDPP to procure SWP 5 when it is available, and store it for later use in the event of an interruption in availability of 6 SWP water. In the event of such an interruption, the stored water would be pumped and returned 7 to the power plant for cooling purposes. 8

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To implement the above-described water plan, the City of Victorville, on behalf

of HDPP, has applied to the Mojave Water Agency ("MWA") (in its capacity as wholesale supplier) for SWP water for the Project. HDPP has contracted with the City of Victorville for delivery of the SWP water. The Victor Valley Water District ("VVWD") has contracted with the MWA (in its capacity as Watermaster) to store the SWP water in the aquifer (the "Storage Agreement"). Finally, VVWD has contracted with HDPP to allow HDPP to use VVWD's

facilities to inject and withdraw the stored SWP water (the "Aquifer Storage and Recovery 15 Agreement" or "ASRA") 16

The Project's water plan was analyzed extensively during the certification proceedings, and the Commission Decision specifically addressed many of the issues raised in the Complaint. Mr. Ledford himself concedes that "[t]he WATER issue was the most highly contested area in these proceedings." See Motion to Show Cause And Compel Compliance With Conditions, Sept. 28, 2001, at 5. Even a cursory review of the record reveals that each of these areas was exhaustively analyzed. As stated by Mr. Steve Larson, Executive Director of the Commission, in a September 10, 2001 letter to Mr. Harold Singer, Executive Officer of the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Lahontan Region (Exhibit A²): "The nearly three-year review process that resulted in the certification of the High Desert Power Project was

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References to documents identified as Exhibits A – W are to "Exhibits In Support of HDPP's Answer To Complaint" filed on January 7, 2002.

o Order issued

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one of the most exhaustive conducted by the Energy Commission. Soil and Water Resources received intensive scrutiny during our HDPP review process. All aspects of the water injection and supply system were scrutinized in detail, and the result was expressed in the Soil and Water Resources Conditions of Certification for the project."

Throughout these proceedings, Mr. Ledford was an active participant. As an intervenor, Mr. Ledford presented extensive testimony himself, and called several other witnesses in an attempt to support his position. *See* Hearing Transcripts, dated 9/16/99, 9/30/99, 10/7/99, 10/8/99, 1/27/00 and 2/18/00. Mr. Ledford also conducted extensive cross-examination of HDPP's witnesses and various government agency witnesses. Id. Mr. Ledford's presentation of evidence and cross-examination of witnesses comprise 392 pages in the hearing transcripts. Id. Of the 176 exhibits sponsored by all of the parties during the evidentiary hearings, 53 of them were sponsored by Mr. Ledford. *See* Commission Decision, Appendix C. Documents filed by Mr. Ledford and posted on the Commission's web site comprise another 487 pages. *See* Energy Commission Website. Unsatisfied with the Commission's decision, Mr. Ledford unsuccessfully petitioned the Commission to reconsider its decision. Still unsatisfied, Mr. Ledford sought review of the Commission's decision in the California Supreme Court. The Court summarily denied review of the Commission's approval of the Project in August 2000. Almost all of Mr. Ledford's filings raise the same issues that are raised in the Complaint. To say that Mr. Ledford has "had his day in court" is an understatement of monumental proportions.

In October of 2001, Mr. Ledford filed three pleadings: i) the Complaint that is the subject of these proceedings; ii) a "Motion to Show Cause and Compel Compliance with Conditions"; and iii) a "Request for Investigation To Determine Whether Certification Was Granted Based on Applicant's Fraud; Perjured Testimony; Deceit; or Bad Faith." By Order dated November 9, 2001, the Chairman of the Commission dismissed the latter two pleadings. *See* Order Dismissing the Request for Investigation and Motion to Show Cause, Nov. 9, 2001 (Exhibit C). Thus, the only pleading before the Commission is the Complaint.

In an accompanying Order also issued on November 9, 2001, and a subsequent Order issued on December 5, 2001, the Chairman of the Commission and the Committee,

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respectively, limited the Commission's review of the Complaint to HDPP's compliance with three discrete categories of Conditions of Certification.³ The specific allegations that were the subject of the Committee's review are as follows: i) HDPP's water treatment facilities are bigger than necessary for the power plant, and additional water will be treated by those facilities for non-HDPP purposes (Conditions 1e, 17(1), 19); ii) HDPP is not using the proper type of water treatment facilities, and those facilities will fail to provide water "approaching background water quality levels" (Conditions 12 and 13); and iii) HDPP has failed to provide to the Commission various documents concerning water use and supply (Conditions 2, 11, 12, 17, 19). See Notice of Complaint Proceeding and Order Establishing Scope of Proceeding and Setting Schedule, Nov. 9, 2001, at 3 (Exhibit D); see also Notice of Evidentiary Hearing and Order Setting Schedule for Filing Answer and Witness Lists, Dec. 5, 2001, at 3 (Exhibit E).

On December 28, 2001, the Committee issued a Notice of Prehearing Conference and Order to Produce Compliance Documents. On January 7, 2001, HDPP filed its Answer to the Complaint. On January 11, 2002, HDPP filed its Position Statement in response to the December 28, 2001 Order. On January 14, 2002, the Committee conducted a prehearing conference, at which all parties appeared. During the January 14, 2002 prehearing conference, the Committee cancelled the evidentiary hearing that had been previously scheduled. Also on January 14, 2002, the Committee issued the Committee Ruling, which is the subject of the pending Petition, dismissing several of the allegations in the Complaint. On January 29, 2002, the Committee issued its Proposed Decision.

Construction of the Project commenced in May 2001. *See* Declaration of Andy Welch, Jan. 7, 2002 ("Welch Decl.") (Exhibit B), ¶ 2. The Project is being constructed according to the designs and specifications reviewed and approved by the Commission. <u>Id</u>. HDPP will begin its groundwater recharge program in September 2002, approximately nine months prior to the expected commencement of commercial operation in the Spring of 2003.

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All references to "Conditions" herein refer to Soil & Water Conditions placed on the Project in the Commission Decision.

Discussion III.

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The Committee Acted Within The Scope Of Its Discretion and Appropriately A. Issued The Committee Ruling And The Proposed Decision.

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In the Petition, Mr. Ledford alleges that various actions of the Committee, particularly the decision not to conduct an evidentiary hearing, amount to an abuse of discretion. Petition at 2, 8 and 10. Contrary to Mr. Ledford's allegations, the actions of the Committee are well within the discretion granted by the regulations that govern these proceedings.

Title 20 of the California Code of Regulations, Section 1203(b), grants broad powers to the presiding member of a committee to "Regulate the conduct of the proceedings and hearings, including, but not limited to, disposing of procedural requests, admitting or excluding evidence, receiving exhibits, designating the order of appearance of persons making oral comments or testimony and continuing the hearings." (Emphasis added.) Section 1203(e) grants specific authority to the presiding member to "Cancel a scheduled hearing or meeting." Thus, the Committee's decisions not to admit additional evidence or receive additional exhibits through the process of an evidentiary hearing, and the decision to cancel the evidentiary hearing altogether, were well within the explicit authority granted to the presiding member pursuant to Section 1203.

Mr. Ledford also suggests that the prehearing conference was not the appropriate forum for the Committee to take the actions that it did. Petition at 1. This allegation ignores the broad purposes of prehearing conferences, as set forth in Title 20 of the California Code of Regulations, Section 1208. Section 1208 states that "The presiding member or hearing officer may hold a conference with the parties, the public adviser, the general counsel, and any other persons interested in the proceeding, at any time he deems necessary, for the purpose of formulating the issues, organizing the questioning of witnesses, determining the number of witnesses, providing for the exchange of prepared statements, and such other matters as may expedite the orderly conduct of the proceeding." (Emphasis added.) In addition, Section 1224(b) states "The presiding member may require that prepared written testimony or other

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evidence be submitted in advance of any hearing, for the purpose of facilitating the orderly consideration of issues at the hearing."

The conduct of the prehearing conference was directly in accordance with Sections 1208 and 1224. This was a prehearing conference, at which the Committee accepted stipulations as to facts in the matter, asked the parties to identify the evidence that they intended to introduce at the hearing, eliminated certain issues based on the lack of evidentiary support in the record, and determined whether there were issues necessitating a future hearing. Contrary to Mr. Ledford's position in his Petition, Sections 1208 and 1224 specifically authorize the Committee to take the actions reflected in the Committee Order and the Proposed Decision at a prehearing conference.

In similar cases, the courts have upheld the rendering of a decision by an administrative body without the conduct of additional evidentiary hearings. See Cozens v. New Car Dealers Policy & Appeals Bd., 52 Cal.App. 3d 21. In Cozens, the court affirmed the trial court's denial of the petition of the Director of the Department of Motor Vehicles for a writ of mandate that would have compelled the New Car Dealers Policy and Appeals Board to set aside its order modifying the Director's decision revoking a dealer's license. Although authorized to do so, the Board did not hold an evidentiary hearing, but based its decision on the record compiled by the department and the briefs of the parties. In response to the Director's argument that a hearing was required, the court stated that "there is no statutory requirement that the Board hold an evidentiary hearing. As we have previously pointed out, the Board can act upon the administrative record of the Department and the briefs of the parties alone." Id. at 28. The court went on to hold that "We find nothing arbitrary or capricious in the Board's order and we shall therefore affirm the judgment of the trial court denying the writ of mandate." Id.

In conclusion, the actions taken by the Committee at the prehearing conference, and its decision to issue the Committee Order and Proposed Decision without further evidentiary hearings, were well within the scope of authority granted by the controlling regulations. Such actions did not amount to an abuse of discretion, as alleged by Mr. Ledford.

B. The Petition For Review Is Without Merit And The Commission Should Uphold The Committee Ruling Of January 14, 2002.

In certain respects, the Committee Ruling is superceded by the Proposed

Decision, which addresses all of the issues covered by the Committee Ruling. Nevertheless, since it is the Commission's intention to consider the Committee Ruling and the Proposed

Decision as related, but independent, matters, HDPP hereby responds to the allegations in the Petition.

The Committee Ruling dismissed the allegations in the Complaint concerning

noncompliance with Conditions of Certification 2, 13 and 19 without prejudice on the basis that the deadlines for compliance with those Conditions have not yet passed. Committee Ruling at 1. The Committee Ruling dismissed the allegations in the Complaint concerning noncompliance with Condition of Certification 1(e) with prejudice by affirming the finding in the Commission Decision that the Project's water facilities are appropriately sized, and by finding that HDPP has complied with the verification by submitting final design drawings as required. The Committee Ruling dismissed the allegations in the Complaint concerning noncompliance with Condition of Certification 17(1) subject to submittal of a signed codicil to the ASRA, which would incorporate the final Conditions of Certification and explain any discrepancies between the ASRA and the final Conditions of Certification.

The Petition challenges the Committee Ruling as it relates to Conditions of Certification 1(e), 17(1) and 19. The Petition does not appeal the Committee Ruling as it relates to Conditions 2 and 13. Having failed to appeal the Committee Ruling on Conditions 2 and 13 within the timeframe required by Title 20 California Code of Regulations Section 1215(b), Mr. Ledford is now time barred from appealing the Committee Ruling as it relates to those issues. Furthermore, Mr. Ledford agreed to the dismissal of the allegations related to noncompliance with Condition 13 during the January 14, 2002 prehearing conference. *See* Jan. 14, 2002 Hearing Transcript, at 25. Thus, in determining whether or not to reverse the Committee Ruling, the Commission need only consider Conditions 1(e), 17(1) and 19.

1. Condition of Certification 1(e)

Complainant appeals the Committee's dismissal of allegations concerning noncompliance with Condition of Certification 1(e). (Petition at 3). As set forth in the Committee Ruling, the Committee found that during the certification proceedings, the Commission considered and rejected Complainant's assertion that the 24-inch water pipeline is "oversized." (Committee Ruling at 1). The Committee pointed out that the Commission specifically concluded that the "design capacity of the project pipelines is required to meet project needs." (Id., citing Commission Decision at page 227). Finally, the Committee ruled that HDPP had met the requirements of the verification by submitting its final design drawings in a timely manner. (Id.)

In the Complaint, and during the prehearing conference, Mr. Ledford asserted that the Commission had ignored evidence that he and Commission staff presented during the certification process in support of the allegation that the water supply facilities are oversized. (Complaint at 8:15-17; 1/14/02 RT at 33:4-9). Mr. Ledford makes this assertion once again in the Petition. (Petition at 3). Contrary to Mr. Ledford's assertion, the Commission found that "[t]he evidence simply does not support Mr. Ledford's conjecture. Direct, uncontradicted testimony establishes that the design capacity of Project pipelines is required to meet Project needs. (Commission Decision, at 227 (citations omitted)). Notwithstanding this specific determination by the Commission, which was affirmed in the Committee Ruling, Mr. Ledford continues to assert that evidence supporting a contrary conclusion has been ignored. Yet, Mr. Ledford has failed to even identify this supposed evidence.

Mr. Ledford goes on to assert that HDPP has failed to submit final design drawings for the Project's water supply facilities, as required by the verification for Condition 1(e). (Petition at 3) Contrary to Mr. Ledford's allegation, final design drawings were submitted to the Compliance Project Manager on March 27, 2001. (Exhibit L). This fact was confirmed by Commission Staff during the pre-hearing conference. (1/14/02 RT at 41:2-3).

Finally, Mr. Ledford asserts that the final design drawings submitted by HDPP prove that the water treatment plant is oversized. (Petition at 4). In support of this assertion, Mr.

Ledford cites three propositions. Curiously, the first two propositions contradict each other. Mr. Ledford first contends that the water treatment plant is designed to process up to 11,000 acre feet of water per year - a figure in excess of Project needs. (Petition at 4). In the next paragraph, Mr. Ledford asserts that the treatment plant will only be able to produce 3,500 acre feet per year - in Mr. Ledford's words, a figure "far short" of Project needs. (Petition at 4). The third proposition relates to water treatment methodology, and has nothing to do with the size of the water treatment plant. These contradictory and/or irrelevant statements are indicative of the "evidence" that Mr. Ledford has sought to present on this issue. As the Commission found, and the Committee affirmed, the only relevant evidence on this issue indicates that the Project's

water supply facilities have been properly sized.

In short, Mr. Ledford's claims amount to a restatement of arguments that he has made on numerous occasions in the past, and which have been rejected by the Commission. The claims are contrary to the evidence in the record of the certification proceedings, unsupported by any evidence identified subsequent to the proceedings, and in some respects, illogical. There is absolutely no basis for reversing the Committee Ruling on this issue.

2. <u>Condition of Certification 17(1)</u>

Mr. Ledford appeals the Committee's dismissal of allegations concerning noncompliance with Condition of Certification 17(1). (Petition at 5). The Committee found that HDPP timely filed the required ASRA in February 2000 when it was received into the evidentiary record of the certification proceedings as Exhibit 145. (Committee Ruling at 1). The Committee conditioned its dismissal of these allegations on the submittal of a codicil to the ASRA incorporating the final Conditions of Certification. (Id.)

Incredibly, notwithstanding the fact that the document was admitted into evidence during the certification proceedings, Mr. Ledford continues to contend that "the record is devoid of such a document." (Petition at 5). In support of this allegation, Mr. Ledford points to an internal Commission staff memo, which raised a question about whether the ASRA incorporated the final Conditions of Certification, and testimony from the evidentiary hearings regarding the impact that modifications to the Conditions of Certification might have on the ASRA. (Petition

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at 5-6). What Mr. Ledford ignores is that subsequent to both of these events, the parties to the ASRA confirmed in writing to the Commission that the ASRA is governed by the final Conditions, and that the parties intended to be bound by the final Conditions. (Exhibit N and Exhibit O). Furthermore, on January 18, 2002, HDPP docketed the requested codicil with the Commission. There is no credible claim that HDPP is in violation of Condition 17(1) and the Committee Ruling should be upheld in this regard.

3. Condition of Certification 19

Mr. Ledford appeals the Committee's dismissal of allegations concerning non-compliance with Condition of Certification 19. (Petition at 8). The Committee determined that the deadline for compliance with Condition 19 had not yet occurred, and the allegations were unripe.

Mr. Ledford asserts that the Committee has "constructive notice" that a violation is imminent. This assertion is based on Mr. Ledford's speculation about VVWD's desires regarding use of the Project's water treatment facilities. Mr. Ledford's speculation is premised on an application filed by VVWD with the Watermaster to inject and store water in the regional aquifer in an amount greater than that which is required for the Project. As Mr. Ledford concedes, however, that application has been withdrawn, and thus is not any indication whatsoever of VVWD's future plans. Furthermore, a revised water storage agreement, reflecting only the needs of the Project, was conditionally approved by VVWD on February 5, 2002, and finally approved on February 19, 2002. The Watermaster conditionally approved the agreement on February 6, 2002, and is scheduled to finally approve it on February 27, 2002.

Finally, even if VVWD did have plans to store water in the aquifer beyond that which is required for the Project, and even if VVWD did desire to use the Project's facilities to treat that water prior to injection, such plans and desires do not amount to an impending violation of the Conditions of Certification. In fact, Condition 19 specifically acknowledges that VVWD might have such plans, and makes it clear that any use of the Project's facilities beyond that specifically allowed by the Commission must be subject to independent review.

Thus, Mr. Ledford's allegations are based on three assumptions: i) that VVWD

has plans to use the Project's treatment facility; ii) that such use will be contrary to the Conditions; and iii) that HDPP will allow such use. Despite repeated inquiries from the Committee at the pre-hearing conference regarding what evidence he intended to introduce in support of these assumptions, Mr. Ledford failed to do so. (1/14/02 RT at 73:18-23). The Committee Ruling must be upheld as to this issue.

4. Discovery Matters

Mr. Ledford asserts that he is reserving the right to amend his appeal upon final rulings on pending discovery matters before the Committee, including discovery motions, motions to clarify and motions to issue subpoenas. The Committee issued two Orders in response to Mr. Ledford's discovery requests. On December 14, 2001, the Committee issued an Order in Lieu of Subpoena Duces Tecum Directing Energy Commission Staff to Produce Documents and Prospective Witnesses. On December 18, 2001, the Committee issued an Order Clarifying Previous Order in Lieu of Subpoena Duces Tecum. Having failed to appeal either of these Orders to the Commission within the timeframe specified by Title 20 California Code of Regulations Section 1215(b), Mr. Ledford has waived his right of appeal as to discovery matters, and is barred from raising such issues in any subsequent petition.

C. The Proposed Decision Is Supported By The Evidence In The Record And Should Be Adopted By The Commission

Subject to two minor clarifications, as detailed below, HDPP concurs with the Proposed Decision, including the Findings and Conclusions, and urges the Commission to adopt it as the final decision.

The first clarification relates to Condition 12. As the Proposed Decision points out, the deadline for filing the water treatment and monitoring plan required by Condition 12 has not yet occurred. Proposed Decision at 13. As HDPP understands the Proposed Decision, because the deadline has not yet passed, the allegations concerning Condition 12 are not entirely ripe, and therefore the Committee proposes to dismiss these allegations without prejudice, as opposed to with prejudice. However, the November 9, 2001 and December 5, 2001 Orders issued by the Chairman of the Commission and the Committee, respectively, indicated that the

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substantive merits of Condition 12 would be addressed regardless of whether or not the date for submittal of the plan had passed.

And indeed, the Proposed Decision does address the substantive merits of Condition 12. The Committee concluded that the water treatment and monitoring plan set forth in the various documents filed with the Lahontan Regional Water Quality Control Board in connection with the Conditional Waiver of Waste Discharge Requirements, and considered by the Committee (Exhibits P, Q, R, S and U), meets the substantive requirements set forth in Condition 12. Proposed Decision at 10-13. This conclusion is reflected in item 8 of the Findings and Conclusions of the Proposed Decision, which states that submittal of the approved Conditional Waiver of Waste Discharge Requirements will satisfy the requirements of Conditions 11 and 12. The plan, as set forth in the Exhibits considered by the Committee, was approved by the Regional Board on February 14, 2002.

Having undertaken consideration of the substantive merits of Condition 12, and concluded that the allegations in the complaint related to those substantive merits are without support, those allegations should be dismissed with prejudice. In other words, while HDPP may be subject to future enforcement proceedings should it fail to submit the water treatment and monitoring plan on a timely basis, it should not be subject to future enforcement proceedings alleging noncompliance with the substantive requirements of Condition 12. HDPP requests that the final decision reflect this clarification and that the substantive allegations related to Condition 12 be dismissed with prejudice.

The second clarification relates to numbered paragraph 2 in the Findings and Conclusions. This paragraph includes a very broad statement regarding the prohibition of use of the Project's water treatment facilities for non-Project purposes. However, as discussed on page 7 of the Proposed Decision, Condition 19 sets forth conditions under which the VVWD could use treated and injected water for non-Project purposes, namely (1) a separate water storage agreement with the Watermaster for that purpose, (2) a separate CEQA review and (3) that it not increase the Soil & Water-17.1 baseline. The Commission also expressly found that the required separate water storage agreement does not yet exist.

Presumptively, the wording of Finding and Conclusion 2 presumes the stated present condition of no separate water storage agreement in stating the prohibition against use of "...the [P]roject's water treatment facilities for non-HDPP purposes." Read literally, however, the wording of Finding and Conclusion 2 fails to recognize the conditions stated in Condition 19 under which such use would be permissible.

HDPP, therefore, respectfully requests that Finding and Conclusion 2 be clarified to recognize the express conditions of Condition 19 under which such use would be permissible. This could be accomplished by simply adding the phrase "except as permitted by Condition of Certification Soil and Water 19" to the end of the Finding and Conclusion.

IV. Conclusion

The Committee Ruling and Proposed Decision are supported by the evidence in the record of the certification proceedings, and the filings of the parties in this complaint proceeding. Despite repeated opportunities to do so, Mr. Ledford has failed to identify any evidence which, if admitted, would support his allegations. Under these circumstances, further proceedings as to the matters raised in the Complaint would amount to a waste of the resources of the Commission and its staff, and an unfair burden on HDPP. The Committee acted appropriately and within its discretion. The Petition should be dismissed and the Committee Ruling should be upheld in its entirety. The Proposed Decision should be adopted as the Final Decision of the Commission with the clarifications requested above related to Condition 12 and Finding and Conclusion 2.

Dated: February 21, 2002

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LATHAM & WATKINS

Attorneys for Respondent

High Desert Power Project, LLC

STATE OF CALIFORNIA

Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission

In the Matter of:)	Docket No. 97-AFC-1C (C1)
COMPLAINT OF GARY LEDFORD ON HIGH DESERT POWER PROJECT WATER ISSUES))))	PROOF OF SERVICE [Revised 12/28/01]

I, Paul Kihm, declare that on February 21, 2002, I distributed copies of the attached:

RESPONDENT HDPP'S REPLY TO LEDFORD PETITION FOR REVIEW OF COMMITTEE RULING; RESPONDENT HDPP'S COMMENTS ON PROPOSED DECISION OF THE COMMITTEE

via electronic transfer (e-mail) and by depositing copies with FedEx overnight mail delivery service at Costa Mesa, California with delivery fees thereon fully prepaid and addressed to the following:

DOCKET UNIT

CALIFORNIA ENERGY COMMISSION DOCKET UNIT, MS-4 Attn: Docket No. 97-AFC-1C (C1)

Aun: Docket No. 97-AFC-IC (C

1516 Ninth Street, MS-4

Sacramento, California 95814-5512

Email: docket@energy.state.ca.us

via electronic transfer (e-mail) and by depositing copies in the United States mail at Costa Mesa, California with first class postage thereon fully prepaid and addressed to the following:

COMPLAINANT

Gary A. Ledford

The Jess Ranch 11401 Apple Valley Road Apple Valley, California 92308 jessranch@attglobal.net

HIGH DESERT POWER PROJECT CEC Docket No. 97-AFC-1C (C1)

PROOF OF SERVICE LIST

RESPONDENT

Thomas M. Barnett

Vice President and Project Manager High Desert Power Project, LLC 3501 Jamboree Road South Tower, Suite 606 Newport Beach, California 92660 tbarnett@conpwr.com

INTERVENORS

Marc D. Joseph, Esq.

California Unions for Reliable Energy ("CURE") Adams, Broadwell, Joseph & Cardozo 651 Gateway Blvd., Suite 900 South San Francisco, California 94080 mdjoseph@adamsbroadwell.com

INTERESTED AGENCIES

Charles Holloway

Los Angeles Department of Water and Power 111 North Hope Street Los Angeles, California 90012 chollo@ladwp.com

Randy Hill

General Manager Victor Valley Water District 17185 Yuma Street Victorville, California 92392 randyhill@vvwater.org

Counsel for Victor Valley Water District

Michael D. Davis, Esq.

Gresham, Savage, Nolan, and Tilden 600 North Arrowhead Ave, Suite 300 San Bernardino, California 92401 mike@gsnt-law.com

HIGH DESERT POWER PROJECT CEC Docket No. 97-AFC-1C (C1)

PROOF OF SERVICE LIST

Kirby Brill

General Manager Mojave Water Agency P.O. Box 1089 Apple Valley, California 92307 kirbyb@mojavewater.org

Hisam Baqai

Lahontan Regional Water Quality Control Board 15428 Civic Drive, Suite 100 Victorville, California 92392-2383 hbaqai@rb6v.swrcb.ca .gov

Patricia Moser

Assistant to City Manager City of Barstow 220 East Mountain View Street, Suite A Barstow, California 92311-2888 pmoser@barstowca.org

Jon Roberts

City Manager City of Victorville 14343 Civic Drive Victorville, California 92392 jroberts@ci.victorville.ca.us

Darrell Wong

California Department of Fish and Game Region 6, Environmental Services 407 W. Line Street Bishop, California 93514 dwong@dfg.ca.gov

HIGH DESERT POWER PROJECT CEC Docket No. 97-AFC-1C (C1)

PROOF OF SERVICE LIST

Nancee Murray

California Department of Fish and Game Legal Affairs Division 1416 Ninth Street, 12th Floor Sacramento, California 95814 nmurray@dfg.ca.gov

Tal Kie

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct.

Paul Kihm